



Basic Data / Basic Project & Finance Data

Basic Project Information

PIMS ID	740
Project Title	Removal of Barriers to Biomass Power Generation in India, Phase I

Project Contact Information

Role	Name	Email Address	
Project Implementing Partner	Ministry of New and Renewable Energy, Govt. of India		
Is the Project Implementing Partner a			
civil society organization/non-	No		
governmental organization?			
Project Coordinator	Mr. V K Jain	jainvk@nic.in	
UNDP Country Office Programme	Dr. S N Srinivas sn.srinivas@undp.org		
Officer			
GEF Operational Focal Point (OFP)			
Other Partners			

Terminal PIR

Is this the terminal PIR that will serve as	[Yes/No]
the final project report?	Note: The terminal PIR is the last PIR the project will submit and serves as
	the final project report. The terminal PIR can be submitted before the
	terminal evaluation is completed or it can be submitted in the same calendar
	year as the terminal evaluation is to be submitted.

General Comments on Basic Data

Please insert additional comments not explained above.

Development Objective Progress / Progress towards Development Objectives

Objective / Outcome: Description of Objective / Outcome	Description of Indicator	Baseline Level	Target Level at end of project	Level at 30 June 2015	Level at 30 June 2016
Overall project	Extent of supply and		End of Project [EOP]	16.5 MW supported for fuel linkage to existing	Total 4 projects with aggregate capacity of 37 MW
goal [impact]	energy needs met by		target 2016: 18 MW	power plants.	supported for fuel linkage to existing power plants
	biomass power		supported for fuel		in 3 states; Punjab, Maharashtra and Andhra
To improve	projects, reduction		linkage to existing		Pradesn.
electricity supply	of CO2 emissions. By		biomass power		
without increasing	end of project		plants.		
GHG emissions	additional MIPs up				1.2 MWe green field biomass power plant
through wide scale	to 12 MWe of		Additional green	1.2 MWe green field biomass power plants	implemented by Ankur Scientific in Gujarat, 1 MWo groop field biomass power plant under
application of	biomass power		field 12 MW	implemented by Ankur Scientific in Gujarat.	commissioning process by Ruchi Soya/Thermax
biomass energy	installed.		cumulative capacity		Ltd. in Maharashtra, and
technologies			MIPS Implemented.		2 MWe green field biomass combustion based Distributed Power Generation Plant under installation and commissioning process by Dee
			Approx. 167,000		Vee Power at Bellary, Karnataka
			tCO2 reduced during		The change many field biomean power plant
			project duration	The above green field biomass power plant	i ne above green field biomass power plant implemented by Ankur Scientific in Gujarat has
			from green field	Implemented by Ankur Scientific in Gujarat has	run between Aug 2011 and November 2013. It
			projects and over	generated 6.484.202 kWh from greenfield	generated 6,484,202 kWh from greenfield
			1.82 million tCO2	projects. This translates to $6,350 \text{ tCO}_2$ per annum.	projects. This translates to 6,350 tCO ₂ per annum.
			over lifetime of all		
			MIPs implemented		
			under project		
Objective: To	Rate of commercial	No Model	By the end of Phase		
accelerate the	adoption of	Investment	1, 7 MIP'S		
adoption of	sustainable biomass	Projects exist	contracted covering		
environmentally	power technologies		co-generation,		
biomass nower	in key states in india		compustion		
technologies for			technologies in 2 E		
cantive and			different states in		
distributed			India		
hiomass materials					
Siomass materials					

in niche areas,	Total 30 MW	37 MW for fuel linkage support to existing	37 MW for fuel linkage support to existing
through		biomass power plant completed. Details are	biomass power plant completed. Details are
demonstration of	Fuel linkage support	given below.	given below.
project	to existing biomass	1. MPPL - Muktsar – Biomass Combustion, 7.5	1. MPPL - Muktsar – Biomass Combustion, 7.5
development	power plant in 18	 Panduranga Sugar - Solanur - Cogeneration 9 	2 . Panduranga Sugar - Solanur - Cogeneration 9
models and	MW.	MW [Completed]	MW [Completed]
establishment of		3. Universal Biomass Energy Pvt. Ltd,	3. Universal Biomass Energy Pvt. Ltd,
sustainable		Muktsar, Punjab, 14.5 MW [Completed]	Muktsar, Punjab, 14.5 MW [Completed]
business/support		4. SLS Power Ltd., Nellore, Andhra Pradesh, 6	4. SLS Power Ltd., Nellore, Andhra Pradesh, 6
services network		MW [Completed]	MW [Completed]
and undertaking			
enabling activities	Small capacity 1 to 3	1.2 MW Green field MIP completed. 1 MIP	1.2 MW Green field MIP completed. 1 MIP
for romoval of the	MW each Green	(1 MW) under commissioning;	(1 MW) under commissioning;
kow barriers	field MIP's	1. Ankur Scientific Energy Technology Pvt. Ltd, Sankhoda, Guiarat, 1.2 MW biomass gasification	1. Ankur Scientific Energy Technology Pvt. Ltd,
key barners.	cumulating upto 12	Onen access [Completed]	Onen access [Completed]
		2. Ruchi Sova Industries Ltd. (RSIL). 1 MW	2. Ruchi Sova Industries Ltd. (RSIL), 1 MW
	10100	fluidized bed gasification – ECN Netherlands	fluidized bed gasification – ECN Netherlands
		technology, Maharashtra for captive and grid	technology, Maharashtra for captive and grid
		evacuation [Under Commissioning]	evacuation [Under Commissioning]
		 2 MIPs [4MW] under progress. 5 MIPs [7 MW] under consideration 3. Dee Vee Power, 2 MW biomass combustion based Distributed Power Generation Plant at Bellary, Karnataka [Ongoing] 4. Kandra Energy: 2 MW biomass combustion based Distributed Power Generation Plant at Bellary, Karnataka. [Ongoing] 	 MIP [2MW] under installation and commissioning Dee Vee Power, 2 MW biomass combustion based Distributed Power Generation Plant at Bellary, Karnataka [Ongoing]
		 Greenfield MIPs under consideration are M/s Cummins Cogeneration Pvt Ltd., Tamil Nadu – 1 MW Gasifier [under commissioning]; Three biomass power plants (2MW + 2MW + 1MW) in three islands in Lakshadweep with Lakshadweep Authorities– (ongoing) One biomass power plant - 1MW in Andaman & Nicobar islands with Andaman & Nicobar Authorities (ongoing) 	Not taken up during the reporting period

¹ This is in addition to already implement MIPs (Both green field and biomass fuel linkage based) Support for Fuel linkages: (Universal Biomass Energy Pvt. Ltd, Muktsar, Punjab, 14.5 MW; SLS Power Ltd., Nellore, Andhra Pradesh, 6 MW; Completed MIPs (MPPL - Muktsar – Biomass Combustion, 7.5 MW; Panduranga Sugar - Solapur - Cogeneration, 9 MW; Ankur, Sankheda, Gujarat – 1.2 MW gasifier based power plant, Ruchi Soya (RSIL), 1 MW – fluidized bed biomass gasification plant planned to be set up at Washim, Maharashtra; will be executed by M/s Thermax Ltd)

Outcome 1: Technology package benchmarking and validation for different biomass power technologies, including feasibility of energy plantation.	Status of manufacturing capacities and standards for different biomass power technologies.	Poor reliability and inadequate information of biomass power technologies, both captive and distributed and on projects available to the major	By the end of phase 1, the parameters and technical standards for the efficient biomass power technologies targeted by the project have been finalized.		
Outcome-1: Technology package benchmarking & validation for different biomass power technologies, including feasibility of energy plantation	Study report on potential of biomass hybrid (solar thermal, biogas, etc.) technology for power generation documented and submitted to PMU. DPRs of potential biomass-hybrid finalized and submitted to MNRE.	0	1	The draft Global Status report was submitted by the consultant M/s Steag Energy Services (India) Pvt. Ltd. Expert Committee has provided comments. Consultant will submit the revised draft of the Global Status Report based on the comments and suggestions by end of July 2015. A meeting of the sixteen existing project developers who had responded to the first Eol was organized. But the developers did not express interest in investing in the project due to the overall state of biomass sector and reluctance of financial institutions to fund biomass related projects. The 2nd Expression of Interest (Eol) inviting proposals from project developers for technical support for integrating solar thermal technology into existing biomass power plants was advertised and no response was received against it.	Global Status Report finalized based on comments/suggestions from expert committee including PMU and other stakeholders and final report submitted by the consultant M/s Steag Energy Services (India) Pvt. Ltd. The Global Status Report on Study on potential and feasibility of Integration of Solar Thermal Technology with existing combustion based Biomass Power Plants (Solar Thermal-Biomass Hybrid) involved study of 13 projects located worldwide based on Solar Thermal Technology hybrid with other conventional and non- conventional resources including 4 Solar Thermal-Biomass hybrid projects.

Developed benchmarks for MIPs and their validation through a technical team.	0	3 (1 each for 3 different biomass power technologies supported under the project)	Not taken up during the reporting period.	Not taken up during the reporting period.
Technology performance and evaluation of benchmarks (a) Learning curves established for combustion, gasification and cogeneration technologies (in grid connected mode, and captive mode) (b) Levelised cost of electricity data available for different biomass energy technologies	0	 6 (for three types of technologies in two modes i.e. grid and captive) 6 (for three types of technologies in two modes i.e. grid and captive) 	Not taken up during the reporting period.	Not taken up during the reporting period.
Study report on feasibility of dedicated energy plantation on wasteland. DPRs with potential PPP models prepared and submitted to PMU.	0	1	 The State wise reports for Bihar, Odisha and Rajasthan were finalized. It provides Identification of wastelands, review of existing policy and regulatory frameworks and prospective plan. The reports were shared with the State Nodal Agencies. The four DPRs [Detailed Project Report] were developed by M/s DESL were in partnership with TATA Power Ltd. (Odisha and Maharashtra); National Seed Corporation (Rajasthan) and Global Energy Ltd. (Mizoram). Dedicated Energy Plantation on Wind Farms. Tehsil Patan, District Satara, Maharashtra. Plantation of Beema Bamboo for 2.0 & 8.0 MW Biomass Power Projects. District Nayagarh, Khordha and Kandhamal, Odisha. Plantation of Prosopis Juliflora at Jetsar, Farm. District Sri Ganganagar, Rajasthan. Of the four, the DPR with Global Energy Ltd. could not be taken forward as the Project Developer could not identify land in Mizoram due to political unrest in the regions, however, in the case of the 	No fresh activities were taken up during the reporting period.

				National Seed Corporation (NSC) and TATA Power Ltd the assignment was considerably delayed due to lack of response from Project Developers for their commitment on the Detailed Project Reports for making it bankable. A final commitment from either Project Developers could not be obtained despite repeated follow-ups and meetings by M/s DESL, the PMC and OREDA. It was decided post a final meetings Chaired by Advisor (Biomass) & NPD on 20 January 2015 that the assignment may be foreclosed due to lack of response from Broject Developers	
	A study on the Socio- Economic and Environment Impact of Biomass Power plants on the local rural economy completed and report submitted to PMU	0	1	 A study on "Socio-Economic and Environment Impact Assessment of Biomass Power plants on the local rural economy" has been initiated and M/s Ernst & Young have been selected as the Consultants. The parameters for collection of data have been finalized in discussion with the Consultants. The parameters are, 1. Social indicators: Effect on education due to increased earnings/income, Effect on health due to increased earnings, Sanitation, Effect on migration due to increased earnings, Community mobilizatior indicators 2. Economic indicators: Increase in labor and wages, additional income for farmers/ small entrepreneurs, Economic value of plantation raised, Economic value of additional infrastructure 3. Environmental indicators: GHG emission avoidance Effect on water availability and soil quality. 	 Study Report on "Socio-Economic and Environment Impact Assessments (SEIA) of Biomass Power plants on the local rural economy" finalized based on comments/ suggestions of PMU, other stakeholders and final report submitted by the consultant M/s Ernst & Young. SEIA completed of 5 Biomass Power Plants with aggregate capacity of 47.5 MW. List of the 5 Biomass Power Plants: 12 MW - Transtech Poer Ltd., Jalore (Rajasthan) 8 MW - SM Environmental Tech. Pvt. Ltd., Chhipabarod (Rajasthan) 7.5 MW - Malwa Power Ltd., Gulabewala, Muktsar (Punjab) 10 MW - Orient Green Power Company Ltd., Narsimhapur (Madhya Pradesh) 5. 10 MW - Orient Green Power Company Ltd., Pollachi (Tamil Nadu)
Outcome-2: Enhanced Capacities and confidence of Project Promoters, Financial Institutions, Regulators, Policy Makers, SNAs, other stakeholders through effective information development & dissemination program, along with capacity building initiatives	Enhanced capacities of key stakeholders involved in the facilitation and implementati on of selected biomass power technologies	Wide variation in policy and regulatory environment and inadequate information on various aspects of BPP and bagasse cogeneration in sugar industries, to project developers & other key stakeholders	By the end of phase 1, pilot portfolio of project profiles developed, model formats/agreemen ts established for the targeted biomass technologies (on fuel supply, energy purchase, project development & management) and promotional material and awareness raised significantly in pilot states	No fresh activities were taken up during the reporting period	No fresh activities were taken up during the reporting period.

Quarterly 0 12 by (EP (2017; in 13) in 110 issues of Biochergy and 3 save of BioPower Magazine Published is and Biorower Magazine Published Auring published during in and Copies were required through UN, Solution Exchange Climate Change Community and upladed on MNRE wester and Biorower are as follows: Dick Makers, Project Developers, Financial Institutions etc. Software Ministrutions etc. Ministrutions etc. Ministrutions etc. Ministrutions etc. Ministrutions etc. Software Ministrutions etc. Mini					
Newsletter - Bio energy: India published and disseminated. addition to 10 issues published and disseminated. addition to 10 issues published and 209-11 hard copies of the magazine circulated three published and Solution Exchange Cimate Change community and uploaded on UNDP website. Links for 12 of them are given below; hard copies of the magazine circulated three published and UNDP website. Links for 12 of them are given below; biolower interception 209-11 In each category purchase agreement, energy purchase agreement, energy purchase agreement, energy purchase/ development agreement, energy purchase/ purchase/ purchase/ agreement, energy purchase/ purchase/ agreement, energy purchase/ purchase/ purchase/ agreement, energy purchase/ pur	Quarterly	0	12 by EoP (2017; in	13 In all 10 issues of 'Bioenergy' and 3 issue of 'BioPower' were	5 th and 6 th issue of 'BioPower' magazine published.
energy India published during hard copies were Regulators, Policy Makers, Project Developers, Financial Institutions etc. Softcopies were cluated through UN Policy Makers, Project Developers, Financial Institutions etc. Softcopies were cluated through UN 0 Solution Exchange Climate Change community and uploaded on UNDP website. Links for 12 of them are given below; Unks for the 2 issues of BioPower are as follows: 0 BioPower 1.http://viainfotech.biz/Biomass/themes/document/Magazines/Bio Dever/Suse/20352-02-X20April-Linex/202014.pdf 1.http://viainfotech.biz/Biomass/themes/document/Magazines/Bio Dever/Suse/20352-02-X20April-Linex/202014.pdf 1 in each category documents (model purchase Bio Energy 4.http://viainfotech.biz/Biomass/themes/document/Magazines/Bio Dever/Suse/20352-02-X20Ex/2014.pdf 1.http://viainfotech.biz/Biomass/themes/document/Magazines/Bio Dever/Suse/2035-02-X20Ex/2014.pdf 1 Der and fuel purchase/ agreements; ord particle documents Bio Energy 4.http://viainfotech.biz/Biomass/themes/document/Magazines/Bio Deverg/%20Magazine-MINE/Suse%2037X-20-X20Ex/20301.pdf 1.http://viainfotech.biz/Biomass/themes/document/Magazines/Bio Deverg%20Magazine-MINE/Suse%2037X-20-X20Ex/20301.pdf 1.http://viainfotech.biz/Biomass/themes/document/Magazines/Bio Deverg%20Magazine-MINE/Suse%2037X-20-X20Ex/20301.pdf 1.http://viainfotech.biz/Biomass/themes/document/Magazines/Bio Deverg%20Magazine-MINE/Suse%2037X-20-X20Bers/202010.pdf 1.http://viainfotech.biz/Biomass/themes/document/Magazines/Bio Deverg%20Magazine-MINE/Suse%2037X-20-X20Dex/202010.pdf 1.http:/viainfotech.biz/	Newsletter – Bio		addition to 10 issues	published. About 700 hard copies were circulated. The recipients of	Hard copies of the magazine circulated to Regulators,
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2. Model bid documents for Biomass/Bagasse Cogeneration Projects.				purchase agreement and energy purchase;	
Projects.				2. IVIOGEI DID documents for Biomass/Bagasse Cogeneration	
				Projects.	

		Ad su Th ht	dditionally states already follow standardized formats for all ach agreements as per state specific rules and regulations. hese are available with the SNAs and some can be viewed at tp://viainfotech.biz/Biomass/theme5/library-forms.php	
Discussion papers prepared on various issues.	0	6 5 Tr 1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	 he following five papers were prepared and presented: V K Jain, Tanushree Bhowmik , "Overview of the Indian Biomass Power sector – Challenges & Trends" International Renewable Energy Congress held in Sousse, Tunisia during 24-26 March 2015. V K Jain, Tanushree Bhowmik, A Chilamburaj. Biomass Power Issues and Challenges – Discussion Paper. In proceedings of 'Regulatory and Financial Barriers and Challenges in Power Generation using Biomass'. India International Centre, New Delhi. 9 June 2014. Pp.21-36. Ashok Chaudhuri. General Manager, Ankur Scientific Energy Technologies Pvt. Limited, Vadodara. "Biomass Gasification and Distributed Power Generation for Sustainable Economic Development of Rural India and Africa". Presented in UNDP Session on Biomass Power – Business Opportunities. CII-Exim Bank Conclave on India-Africa Project Partnership, March 18- 20, 2012. Hotel Taj Palace, New Delhi. K L Bansal, Director, "Malwa Power Plant Limited, Muktsar Biomass Power: The next Wave in Power Generation". Presented in UNDP Session on Biomass Power – Business Opportunities. CII- Exim Bank Conclave on India-Africa Project Partnership, March 18-20, 2012. Hotel Taj Palace, New Delhi. V K Jain, Director, Ministry of New and Renewable Energy (MNRE). "Biomass Power in India – An Overview". Presented in UNDP Session on Biomass Power – Business Opportunities. CII- Exim Bank Conclave on India-Africa Project Partnership, March 18-20, 2012. Hotel Taj Palace, New Delhi. 	No fresh activities were taken up during the reporting period.

	User interactive knowledge portal for the Biomass Power Sector launched and regularly updated over project period.	0	1	A web based Knowledge Portal – www.biomasspower.gov.in has been developed. The knowledge portal is expected to serve as user-friendly single point source for information/data related to biomass power. It covers generation of power – grid interactive as well as off – grid and captive applications; and thermal energy from biomass. The Web Portal was formally launched by Mr. Piyush Goyal, Hon'ble Minister (IC) of State for Power, Coal and New & Renewable Energy on 14 May 2015. The web portal is currently accessible through the MNRE website. A web based Knowledge Portal – www.biomasspower.gov.in has been developed. The knowledge portal will be a user-friendly single point source for information/data related to generation of power – grid interactive as well as off – grid and captive applications; and thermal energy from biomass. The Web Portal was formally launched by Mr. Piyush Goyal, Hon'ble Minister (IC) of State for Power, Coal and New & Renewable Energy on 14 May 2015. The web portal is currently accessible through the MNRE website.	Monthly updation of the web based Biomass Knowledge Portal - www.biomasspower.gov.in by consultant M/s Idam Infrastructure Advisory Pvt. Ltd. Inclusion of notifications issued by CERC/SERC for revised tariff for Biomass Power, success stories, physical achievements in the sector during the year on monthly basis.	
				 Target has been met. A working group to look into challenges in promoting biomass power has been set up. NPD of biomass power project is the chairman and NPC is the member convener. The objectives of the working group are to: Review barriers and challenges faced by the sector and identify key areas related to tariff, financing, secured fuel supply Suggest suitable policy intervention Suggest actions required at regular intervals for revalidation of Biomass Resource Atlas and also initiate studies on fuel pricing Discuss financial restructuring, catchment area policy for biomass and project development. 		

Consultative meetings with SNAs, SEBs, industry associations and project promoters organized and documented.	0	6	 Five consultative meetings were held with the following; Indian Biomass Power Association (IBPA), Orissa Renewable Energy Development Agency Project Developers like State Farm Corporation of India and Lakshadweep Renewable Energy Development Agency Andaman & Nicobar Renewable Energy Development Agency 	No fresh activities were taken up during the reporting period.
Conduct information and knowledge sharing programmes through organized study tours/missions involving focused state	0 s	6	 Following results that can be attributed to recommendations by working group, namely Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (CERC) revised the tariff for biomass power plants around Rs.7 per kWh. Now SRECs have to accept these CERC guidance. CERC issued new Tariff Guidelines for Gasifiers. 'Performance/ Viability of biomass based plants operating in India, including prevailing prices'. http://www.cercind.gov.in/2015/orders/SO4.pdf (March 2015 order) http://www.cercind.gov.in/2014/orders/SO354.pdf (May 2014 order) 3 PMU officials and other stakeholders attended the International Renewable Energy Congress held in Sousse, Tunisia during 24-26 March 2015. A team consisting of representatives from PMU, NPC and NPM, UNDP and potential investor – National Seed Corporation attended 22nd European Biomass Conference held at Hamburg, Germany between 23 June 2014 and 26 June 2014. The purpose of participation was to understand the technology progress, benchmarking, issues, solutions and scope for learning from outside country.; Team also visited M/s Class's biomass processing equipment manufacturing facility. SFCI is likely to follow up collaboration. Team also had meetings with Eqtec, Bulgaria and exploring transfer of gasification technology. Meeting was held with ETA Renewables, EU for partnership in knowledge management in the biomass sector. The lessons learnt were to help the revision of LFA, restructuring technical, financial incentive, etc. 	 Visit of a delegation led by Shri Upendra Tripathy, Secretary, MNRE to San Francisco, Arizona, Colorado and Delano, USA from 13-17 July-2015. The purpose of the visit was to undertake study tour of existing operational RE power plants and have meetings with National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL), Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory (LBNL), USA to strengthen collaborations for joint R&D and capacity building programmes in the context of upgradation of MNRE institutes namely; Sardar Swaran Singh National Institute of Bio-Energy, National Institute of Solar Energy and National Institute of Wind Energy. Details of members of the delegation: Shri Upendra Tripathy, Secretary, MNRE Shri Mukesh Khullar, Principal Secretary (Energy), Govt. of Maharashtra Shri Santosh D. Vaidya, Joint Secretary, MNRE Shri M. Kamalakar Babu, Vice Chacellor and MD, NERDCAP Shri Wunesh Kumar Patel, Chief Engineer, MPUVNL

Outcome 3: Developmen t of business, commercial and support services networks in focused States.	Definition and implementation of biomass power business dissemination models in the project pilot states.	Inadequat e Institution al Framewor k at National, Regional and Local Levels for large scale multiplicati	By the end of phase 1, the appropriate biomass power business models have been widely disseminated and established in the initial pilot states		
Output 3.1 Information sharing and networking of Biomass Power practitioners at the regional/state level strengthened	National level event organized annually involving participant of various partners, stakeholders, project developers. Various state/regional level events organized involving particular category of stakeholders to brainstorm/discuss key topics/issue by sharing expertise, knowledge.	0	3 (by EoP)	<u>No new activity taken up.</u>	No fresh activities were taken up during the reporting period.
Outcome 4: Creation of fund for contingent financing	Contingent financing fund with initial deal flows in operation through designated financial institutions	Inadequat e skills, experienc e and commitm ent to provide finance to biomass power projects	By the end of phase 1, 7 MIP's successfully facilitated by the contingent financing facilities made available through the selected financial institutions, together with the full design of a non-financial institutions specific guarantee mechanism	Revised LFA proposed to discontinue Contingent Funding, which was approved by Project Steering Committee. This decision was taken based on a study conducted which 2012 revealed that 18-20 banks were willing to provide term loans to the projects.	Developed refinancing scheme for stressed Biomass Power Projects with the support of National Clean Energy Fund (NCEF)

-	1				
Outcome 5: Model Investment Projects (MIPs)	Model investment projects (MIP) commissioned and implementation started.	nvestment Models for ; (MIP) implementing sioned and BPP do not entation started. exist either for captive or	By the end of phase 1, 7 model investment projects (MIP) will base been	4 MIPs cumulating to 37 MW under the category of fuel linkage to existing biomass power plants.	4 MIPs cumulating to 37 MW under the category of fuel linkage to existing biomass power plants.
		biomass resources.	nave been successfully commissioned and have started initial implementation in 3-5 states	1 Green field MIP completed (1.2 MW). 1 MIP (1 MW) is under commissioning.	1 Green field MIP completed (1.2 MW). 1 MIP (1 MW) is under commissioning.
			demonstrating the 3 different biomass power technologies targeted. (Cumulative capacity of 12 MW)	2 Green field MIPs [4MW] under progress. 5 MIPs [7 MW] under consideration.	1 Green field MIP [2MW] under installation and commissioning

Output-	# Quantity of MW	0	18 MW fuel linkage to	37 MW for fuel linkage support to existing biomass power	37 MW for fuel linkage support to existing biomass power
5.1	supported under		existing biomass power	plant completed. Support for Fuel linkages, MIPs	plant completed. Support for Fuel linkages, MIPs completed
Commissioning	fuel linkage to		plants supported	completed are –	are –
and	existing biomass				
stabilization of MIPs Implementatio n of green- field MIPs	# Quantity of MW green field MIPs	0	12 MW green field	 Universal Biomass Energy Pvt. Ltd, Muktsar, Punjab, 14.5 MW: Set up additional 18 decentralized biomass depots (DBD) within a radius of 100 km to collect biomass. Various crop residues - cottor stalk, paddy straw, mustard stalk, etc. are collected, processed and dispatched to the main power plant. Benefits: Reduction in landed fuel cost by USD 3.8 - 4.5/MT Developed modification in boiler which can directly handle paddy straw bales, avoiding chipping of paddy straw Plant has generated employment opportunities for about 1000 people from the local community in surrounding areas for collection, processing, transportation of biomass SLS Power Ltd., Nellore, Andhra Pradesh, 6MW: M/s SLS Power has set up 4 DBD within a radius of 50 km to collect various residues - cotton stalk, paddy straw, sugar cane trash, etc. to replace rice husks which is currently being used as main fuel. Benefits: Reduction in landed fuel cost by USD 3.8 - 5.5/MT Plant has generated employment opportunities for about 900 people from the local community in surrounding areas for collection, processing, transportation of biomass 	 Universal Biomass Energy Pvt. Ltd, Muktsar, Punjab, 14.5 MW: Set up additional 18 decentralized biomass depots (DBD) within a radius of 100 km to collect biomass. Various crop residues - cotton stalk, paddy straw, mustard stalk, etc. are collected, processed and dispatched to the main power plant. Benefits: Reduction in landed fuel cost by USD 3.8 - 4.5/MT Developed modification in boiler which can directly handle paddy straw bales, avoiding chipping of paddy straw Plant has generated employment opportunities for about 1000 people from the local community in surrounding areas for collection, processing, transportation of biomass Annual Average GHG Emission Reduction – 63133 tCO₂ eq. SLS Power Ltd., Nellore, Andhra Pradesh, 6MW: M/s SLS Power has set up 4 DBD within a radius of 50 km to collect various residues - cotton stalk, paddy straw, sugar cane trash, etc. to replace rice husks which is currently being used as main fuel. Benefits: Reduction in landed fuel cost by USD 3.8 - 5.5/MT Plant has generated employment opportunities for about 300 people from the local community in surrounding area for collecting processing transportation of biomass
			covering 9 MW cumulative gasification/comb ustion based including open access sale 3 MW for non- bagasse based co/tri-generation using captive biomass, for captive biomass, for captive use for grid interactive local mini- grid or small gasifier systems for greening telecom towers	transportation of biomass MPPL - Muktsar – Biomass Combustion, 7.5 MW: Facility included covered biomass storage shed, harvesting cum chipping device, material handling equipment (JCB) cargo canters to transport biomass from fields and weigh bridges at collection centers. It is estimated that all these facilities helped reducing biomass losses by 5-10%. The biomass supply and conversion has created local employment, increased income to farmers and understood to have positively impacted. Benefits: Improvement in sustainability and PLF by 2-3% Reduction in landed fuel cost by USD 3-3.8/MT Govt. of Punjab issued guidelines for subsidy to farmers on purchase of fuel collection equipment's.	 MPPL - Muktsar – Biomass Combustion, 7.5 MW: Facility included covered biomass storage shed, harvesting cum chipping device, material handling equipment (JCB) cargo canters to transport biomass from fields and weigh bridges at collection centers. MPPL has set up 10 DBD to collect various residues - cotton stalk, paddy straw, sugar cane trash, etc. It is estimated that all these facilities helped reducing biomass losses by 5-10%. The biomass supply and conversion has created local employment, increased income to farmers and understood to have positively impacted. Benefits: Improvement in sustainability and PLF by 2-3% Reduction in landed fuel cost by USD 3-3.8/MT Govt. of Punjab issued guidelines for subsidy to farmers on purchase of fuel collection equipment's. Annual Average GHG Emission Reduction – 43848 tCO₂ eq.

 Panduranga Sugar - Solapur - Cogeneration, 9 MW: The project supported procurement of trash bailers with technology from Netherlands. Sugarcane trash use was unique feature of this project which was not common. Benefits: Extended off season operation by 60-80 day Project had a payback period of 1.5 to 2 years Govt. of Maharashtra issued guidelines allowing sugar mills to use cane trash in their power plants 1 MIP [1.2 MW] under green field project completed, 1 MIP (1 MW) is under commissioning, 2 MIPs [4 MW] committed and are under various stages of commissioning and 5 [7 MW] more under consideration/progress cumulating to 13.7 MW. 	 Panduranga Sugar - Solapur - Cogeneration, 9 MW: The project supported procurement of trash bailers with technology from Netherlands. Sugarcane trash use was unique feature of this project which was not common. Benefits: Extended off season operation by 60-80 day Project had a payback period of 1.5 to 2 years Govt. of Maharashtra issued guidelines allowing sugar mills to use cane trash in their power plants Annual Average GHG Emission Reduction – 4395 tCO₂ eq. 1 MIP [1.2 MW] under green field project completed, 1 MIP (1 MW) is under commissioning,
 Ankur Scientific Energy Technology Pvt. Ltd, Sankheda, Gujarat commissioned 1.2 MW power plant based on biomass gasification. This is perhaps one of the first small scale 'open access' plant [Open access - power produced is sold to a third party by wheeling the power through state grid]. The electricity was sold to Aditya Birla Insulators, [a company producing electrical components] through PPA for Rs 5.25 per kWh. Ankur was also leveraging REC benefits [Rural Electricity Certificate]. However, the unit halted operations in December 2013. PMU is examining the reasons and trying to discuss with all the concerned [Ankur, Aditya Birla and Gujrat Electricity authorities] to engage in the process of revival. One of the reasons is that the REC [Renewable Energy Certificate] prices are floored which resulting in revenue is earned being inadequate for Ankur to manage the operations. Benefits: Plant was operational for a year with an average PLF of 64%. First of its kind small scale Biomass Gasification project to sell power through Open Access that helped government of Gujarat form regulations for Open Access sale for Biomass Gasification technology based projects; The plant contributed to Green House Gas reduction equivalent to 6350 tCO₂e in 12 months; Standardisation of Gasifier System Package; Documentation of benchmark cost, operational and performance data required for tariff determination; Generation by 100% Producer Gas Engine; Developed a pyro-gasifier capable of using biomass mixtures of varying properties; Developed dry gas cleaning system reducing wastewater generation significantly; 	 Ankur Scientific Energy Technology Pvt. Ltd, Sankheda, Gujarat commissioned 1.2 MW power plant based on biomass gasification. This is perhaps one of the first small scale 'open access' plant [Open access - power produced is sold to a third party by wheeling the power through state grid]. The electricity was sold to Aditya Birla Insulators, [a company producing electrical components] through PPA for Rs 5.25 per kWh. Ankur was also leveraging REC benefits [Rural Electricity Certificate]. However, the unit halted operations in December 2013. PMU is examining the reasons and trying to discuss with all the concerned [Ankur, Aditya Birla and Gujrat Electricity authorities] to engage in the process of revival. One of the reasons is that the REC [Renewable Energy Certificate] prices are floored which resulting in revenue is earned being inadequate for Ankur to manage the operations. Benefits: Plant was operational for a year with an average PLF of 64%. First of its kind small scale Biomass Gasification project to sell power through Open Access that helped government of Gujarat form regulations for Open Access sale for Biomass Gasification equivalent to 6350 tCO₂e in 12 months; Standardisation of Gasifier System Package; Documentation of benchmark cost, operational and performance data required for tariff determination; Generation by 100% Producer Gas Engine; Developed a pyro-gasifier capable of using biomass mixtures of varying properties; Developed dry gas cleaning system reducing wastewater generation significantly;

	Effectively used waste heat for drying biomass and for obtaining chilled water needed for gas cooling-cleaning train using VAM system Demonstrated use of by-product biochar as substitute for P- fertilizer through experimental plantation sites and awareness camps and documentation of findings and distributing and selling bio char to farmers in neighbourhood areas; Developed and distributed appropriate cook stove for use of char briquette, and created awareness among local rural community for clean cooking through its use. Generated employment opportunities in surrounding areas for collection, processing, transportation of biomass as well as plant operation and maintenance.
	Ruchi Soya Industries Ltd. (RSIL):Ruchi Soya Industries Ltd. (RSIL):1 MW fluidized bed biomass gasification plant is being set up at Washim, Maharashtra. The technology has been provided by the Energy Research Centre (ECN) and M/s Dahlman of Netherlands and M/s Thermax Ltd., India is the service providers. The electricity generated will be partially used for factory requirement and partly will be evacuated to the grid.Ruchi Soya Industries Ltd. (RSIL): 1 MW fluidized bed biomass gasification plant is being set up at Washim, Maharashtra. The technology has been provided by the Energy Research Centre (ECN) and M/s Dahlman of Netherlands and M/s Thermax Ltd., India is the service providers. The electricity generated will be partially used for factory requirement and partly will be evacuated to the grid.
	Dee Vee Power - 2 MW Biomass based Distributed Power Generation Plant, Karnataka: The project intends to utilise coffee husk as major source of energy for power generation. The plant is located at the tail end of the grid. It exports the power to grid through 11kV lines. The electricity generated from this plant will be sold to the local industries at Kushalnagar Industrial Estate and the remaining power to Karnataka Power Corporation Limited. The progress of implementation of the project is slow but PMU is regularly following up with the Developer and the Financial Institute.
	Kandra Energy: 2 MW Biomass based Distributed Power Generation Plant at Bellary, Karnataka: The plant utilize the biomass residues like cotton stalk, paddy straw, rice husk, bamboo chips etc., as source of energy. About 25% of the power will be exported to the grid. This will be supplied to local communities at INR 4.2/kWh (2% annual escalation). 75% of power will be sold to Karnataka Power Corporation Limited at grid feed-in tariff of INR 3.72/kWh (2% annual escalation). The progress of implementation of the project is slow but PMU is regularly follow-in up with the Developer and the Financial Institute.

				 Further, 5 more projects, cumulating to 7 MW is in the firm pipeline. Greenfield MIPs under consideration/progress are - 1. M/s Cummins Cogeneration Pvt Ltd., Tamil Nadu – 1 MW Gasifier [under commissioning]; 2. Three biomass power plants (3MW + 3MW + 1MW) in three islands in Lakshadweep with Lakshadweep Authorities– (ongoing) 3. One biomass power plants - 1MW in Andaman & Nicobar islands with Andaman & Nicobar Authorities– (ongoing) 	Not taken up during the reporting period
Output- 5.2 Document atio n of lessons and evolution of replicatio n strategy/p lan	Performance of all MIPs commissioned got monitored, evaluated and documented. The future replication strategy/plan evolved based on major learnings/findin gs documented from MIPS commissioned.	0	1 for each type of MIP implement ed	3 A field visit was made by the NPD and NPC to the project site in Ruchi Soya Industries Ltd in Washim, Maharashtra on 17 April 2015. The visit was to review the progress of the commissioning activities. Evaluation visit was made to the project site in SLS Nellore on 31/10/2013 and 01/11/2013. PMC verified and reviewed the progress of the fuel linkage system being implemented by SLS. The Evaluation Report was shared with the Project Executive Committee.	No fresh activities were taken up during the reporting period.

Development (Objectives Rating
Project	MANDATORY RATING MUST BE PROVIDED for projects under implementation in one country or
Manager /	regional projects where appropriate.
Coordinator is the person managing the day to day operations of the project.	Please review the cumulative progress toward end-of-project targets as noted in the DO tab of this PIR and provide a rating on this progress. Please consider the following questions before selecting a DO rating: 1. What is the likelihood that the project will achieve its stated objective?
	 What is the likelihood that the project will achieve all stated outcomes by the planned project closure date? Please justify your rating and address the following points in your comments. Please keep word count between 500 words minimum and 1200 words maximum.
	 Explain why you gave a specific rating. Note trends, both positive and negative, in achievement of outcomes as per the updated indicators provided in the DO sheet. Fully explain the critical risks that have affected progress. Outline action plan to address projects with DO rating of HU, U or MU.
	Highly Satisfactory
	The project has contributed significantly in building capacities and raising awareness about the Biomass Power sector in India. It has also provided a common platform to key stakeholders for dialogue on the problems faced by the Biomass Power sector in India.
	The 1.2 MWe MIP that has been supported in Sankheda has generated considerable learning on regulatory, tariff and operational issues of running a Biomass power plant. The cumulative capacity of MIPs supported for Fuel Supply Linkage is 37 MW and for Green Field Projects is 4.2 MWe.
	 The continuous dialogue that has been initiated by the project through formation of the Working Group on Removal of Barriers to Scaling up of Biomass Power has resulted in successful revision of tariff for the sector, and also in most State Nodal Agencies following the tariff order. Following results that can be attributed to working recommendations Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (CERC) revised the tariff for biomass power
	plants
	 CERC issued new farm Guidelines for Gashers. 'Performance/ Viability of biomass based plants operating in India, including prevailing prices'.
UNDP Country Office	MANDATORY RATING MUST BE PROVIDED for projects under implementation in one country. Not necessary for regional or global projects.
Programme Officer is the UNDP programme officer in the UNDP	Please review the cumulative progress toward end-of-project targets as noted in the DO tab of this PIR and provide a rating on this progress. Please consider the following questions before selecting a DO rating:
country office who provides oversight and supervision support to the	 What is the likelihood that the project will achieve its stated objective? What is the likelihood that the project will achieve all stated outcomes by the planned project closure date?
project.	Please justify your rating and address the following points in your comments. Please keep word count between 500 words minimum and 1200 words maximum.

	 Explain why you gave a specific rating, for example, if your rating differs from the rating provided by the project manager please explain why. Note trends, both positive and negative, in achievement of outcomes as per the updated indicators provided in the DO sheet. Fully explain the critical risks that have affected progress. Outline action plan to address projects with DO rating of HU, U or MU. [DO rating in 2016]
GEF Operational	HIGHLY RECOMMENDED but NOT mandatory for projects under implementation in one country. Not
Focal point is the	necessary for regional or global projects.
government representative in the country designed as the GEF operation focal point.	 Please review the cumulative progress toward end-of-project targets as noted in the DO tab of this PIR and provide a rating on this progress. Please consider the following questions before selecting a DO rating: What is the likelihood that the project will achieve its stated objective? What is the likelihood that the project will achieve all stated outcomes by the planned project closure date? Please justify your rating and address the following points in your comments. Please keep word count between 200 words minimum and 500 words maximum. Explain why you gave a specific rating. Note trends, both positive and negative, in achievement of outcomes as per the updated indicators provided in the DO sheet. Provide recommendations for next steps.
	[Comments]

Project	RECOMMENDED but NOT MANDATORY for projects under implementation in one country and
Implementing	regional projects.
Partner is the representative of the executing agency (in GEF terminology). This would be Government (for NEX/NIM execution) or NGO (for CSO Execution) or an official from the Executing Agency (for example UNOPS).	 Please review the cumulative progress toward end-of-project targets as noted in the DO tab of this PIR and provide a rating on this progress. Please consider the following questions before selecting a DO rating: What is the likelihood that the project will achieve its stated objective? What is the likelihood that the project will achieve all stated outcomes by the planned project closure date? Please justify your rating and address the following points in your comments. Please keep word count between 200 words minimum and 500 words maximum. Explain why you gave a specific rating. Note trends, both positive and negative, in achievement of outcomes as per the updated indicators provided in the DO sheet. Provide recommendations for next steps.
	[DO rating in 2016]
	[comments]
Other Partners:	RECOMMENDED but NOT MANDATORY for jointly implemented projects.
For jointly implemented projects, a representative of the other Agency working with UNDP on project implementation (for example UNEP or the World Bank)	 Please review the cumulative progress toward end-of-project targets as noted in the DO tab of this PIR and provide a rating on this progress. Please consider the following questions before selecting a DO rating: What is the likelihood that the project will achieve its stated objective? What is the likelihood that the project will achieve all stated outcomes by the planned project closure date? Please justify your rating and address the following points in your comments. Please keep word provide a rating and project and project provide rating points in your comments. Please keep word provide a rating points in your comments. Please keep word provide a rating points in your comments. Please keep word provide p
the world Bank).	count between 200 words minimum and 500 words maximum.
	 Explain why you gave a specific rating. Note trends, both positive and negative, in achievement of outcomes as per the updated indicators provided in the DO sheet. Provide recommendations for next steps.
	[DO rating in 2016]
	[comments]
	MANDATORY RATING MUST BE PROVIDED for all projects.

LINDD Technical	Please review the cumulative progress toward end-of-project targets as noted in the DO tab of this
UNDP reclinical	Piper de service de cataladare progress covaria en la project da gestas intera inter de la dificiencia
Adviser is the	Pik and provide a rating on this progress. Please consider the following duestions before selecting a
LINDR-GEE Technical	DO rating:
Adviser.	1. What is the likelihood that the project will achieve its stated objective?
	2. What is the likelihood that the project will achieve all stated outcomes by the planned project closure date?
	Please justify your rating and address the following points in your comments. Please keep word
	count between 500 words minimum and 1200 words maximum.
	1. Explain why you gave a specific rating (do not repeat the project objective).
	2. Note trends, both positive and negative, in achievement of outcomes as per the updated
	indicators provided in the DO sheet.
	3. Fully explain the critical risks that have affected progress.
	4. Outline action plan to address projects with DO rating of HU, U or MU.
	[DO rating in 2016]
	[comments]

General comments on Development Objective Rating

	DO Progress: Rating Definitions
Highly Satisfactory (HS)	Project is expected to achieve or exceed all its major global environmental objectives and yield substantial global environmental benefits without major shortcomings. The project can be presented as "good practice".
Satisfactory (S)	Project is expected to achieve most of its major global environmental objectives and yield satisfactory global environmental benefits with only minor shortcomings.
Moderately Satisfactory (MS)	Project is expected to achieve most of its major relevant objectives but with either significant shortcomings or modest overall relevance. Project is expected not to achieve some of its major global environmental objectives or yield some of the expected global environment benefits.
Moderately Unsatisfactory (MU)	Project is expected to achieve its major global environmental objectives with major shortcomings or is expected to achieve only some of its major global environmental objectives.
Unsatisfactory (U)	Project is expected not to achieve most of its major global environment objectives or to yield any satisfactory global environmental benefits.
Highly Unsatisfactory (HU)	The project has failed to achieve, and is not expected to achieve, any of its major global environment objectives with no worthwhile benefits.

For each project Outcome briefly describe up to four (4) major outputs delivered this reporting period only (i.e. annual progress not cumulative progress). **Do not repeat outputs reported in previous PIRs.** If you have any general comments about the information in this section of the PIR, please note them at the bottom of this page.

Outcome	Outputs reported as of 30 June 2016
Outcome 1	Technology package benchmarking and validation for different biomass power technologies, including feasibility of energy plantation.
	 A Techno-economic feasibility of biomass-solar hybrid along with development of Detailed Project Report for implementing one biomass-solar hybrid based power project has been initiated and the draft Global Status Report has been received; The State wise report on Identification of wastelands, review of existing policy and regulatory frameworks and prospective plan was prepared for Odisha, Bihar, and Rajasthan and shared with the State Nodal Agencies.
Outcome 2	Enhanced Capacities and confidence of Project Promoters, Financial Institutions, Regulators, Policy Makers, SNAs, other stakeholders through effective information development & dissemination program, along with capacity building initiatives
	 3 issues of 'BioPower' were published, circulated to about 700 stakeholders and uploaded on UNDP website and most of them circulated on UN Solution Exchange. A paper titled "Overview of the Indian Biomass Power sector – Challenges & Trends" presented at the International Renewable Energy Congress held in Sousse, Tunisia during 24-26 March 2015. NPD, NPC participated in the conference. A web based Knowledge Portal – WWW.biomasspower.gov.in has been developed. The knowledge portal will be a user-friendly single point source for information/data related to generation of power – grid interactive as well as off – grid and captive applications; and thermal energy from biomass. The Web Portal was formally launched by Mr. Piyush Goyal, Hon'ble Minister (IC) of State for Power, Coal and New & Renewable Energy on 14 May 2015. The web portal is currently accessible through the MNRE website.
Outcome 3	Development of business, commercial and support services networks in focused States No activity undertaken.
Outcome 4	Creation of fund for contingent financing
	 As per the revised LFA, the Contingent Funding has been discontinued to report the progress here from this reporting period.
Outcome 5	Model Investment Projects (MIPs)
	 A field visit was made by the NPD and NPC to the project site in Ruchi Soya Industries Ltd in Washim, Maharashtra on 17 April 2015. The visit was to review the progress of the commissioning activities.

General comments on Implementation Progress

Implementatio	n Progress Rating
Implementatio	 Progress Rating MANDATORY RATING MUST BE PROVIDED for projects under implementation in one country or regional projects where appropriate. Please rate the progress in order to achieve the project outcomes (see DO page of this PIR)? [H5 / 5 / MS / MU / U / HU / n.a] Please rate the efficiency in delivery of outputs. For example, in this reporting period are budget resources being spent as planned? (i.e. is project delivery on target?) [H5 / 5 / MS / MU / U / HU / n.a] Please rate the quality of risk management. For example, in this reporting period were project risks managed effectively? (HS / S / MS / MU / U / HU / n.a) Please rate the quality of adaptive management. For example, in this reporting period were actions taken to address implementation issue identified in the PIR last year? [HS / S / MS / MU / U / HU / n.a] Please rate the quality of monitoring and evaluation. For example, in this reporting period were sufficient financial resources allocated to project monitoring and evaluation. [H5 / S / MS / MU / U / HU / n.a] Please rate the quality of monitoring and evaluation. For example, in this reporting period were sufficient financial resources allocated to project monitoring and evaluation. [H5 / S / MS / MU / U / HU / n.a] Please rate the quality of address the following points in your comments. Please keep word count between 500 words minimum and 1200 words maximum. Explain why you gave a specific rating. Summarize annual progress and address timelines of project output/activity completion in relation to annual budgets, the effectiveness of project management units in guiding project implementation, and the responsiveness of the project board in overseeing project implementation. Highly Satisfactory The 1.2 MWe MIP that has been supported in Sankheda has generated considerable learning on regulatory, tariff and operational issues of running a Biomass power plant. The cumulative capaci
	Highly SatisfactoryThe 1.2 MWe MIP that has been supported in Sankheda has generated considerable learning on regulatory, tariff and operational issues of running a Biomass power plant. The cumulative capacity of MIPs supported for Fuel Supply Linkage is 37 MW and for Green Field Projects is 4.2 MWe.The continuous dialogue that has been initiated by the project through formation of the Working Group on Removal of Barriers to Scaling up of Biomass Power has resulted in successful revision of tariff for the sector, and also in most State Nodal Agencies following the tariff order.The project has also launched the first of it's kind interactive knowledge portal for the biomass sector in the country. The portal will serve as a single point for all the relevant knowledge and information
UNDP Country Office	on the biomass sector in India. The quarterly magazine, BioPower India has been very well received by all the stakeholders. A study on the Socio-Economic and Environment Impact of Biomass Power plants on the local rural economy has been initiated. Considering that biomass is a promising source for generation of power and has the potential to provide large productive employment in rural areas, the outcome of the study may be useful in securing term loan from Banks and other Financial Institutions. This would provide an impetus to the sector through timely and adequate credit. MANDATORY RATING MUST BE PROVIDED for projects under implementation in one country. Not necessary for regional or global projects.
Programme	

Officer is the UNDP programme officer in the UNDP country office who provides oversight and supervision support to the project.	 Please rate the progress in delivery of outputs. For example, do the annual outputs represent sufficient progress in order to achieve the project outcomes (see DO page of this PIR)? [HS / S / MS / MU / U / HU / n.a] Please rate the efficiency in delivery of outputs. For example, in this reporting period are budget resources being spent as planned? (i.e. is project delivery on target?) [HS / S / MU / U / HU / n.a] Please rate the quality of risk management. For example, in this reporting period were project risks managed effectively? [HS / S / MS / MU / U / HU / n.a] Please rate the quality of adaptive management. For example, in this reporting period were actions taken to address implementation issue identified in the PIR last year? [HS / S / MS / MU / U / HU / n.a] Please rate the quality of monitoring and evaluation. For example, in this reporting period were sufficient financial resources allocated to project monitoring and evaluation. [HS / S / MS / MU / U / HU / n.a] Please justify your rating and address the following points in your comments. The QORs and delivery data in the ERBM portfolio project monitoring report should inform your rating. Please keep word count between 500 words minimum and 1200 words maximum. Explain why you gave a specific rating. If your rating differs from the rating provided by the project manager please explain why. Summarize annual progress and address timeliness of project output/activity completion in relation to annual workplans. Outline the general status of project expenditures in relation to annual budgets, the effectiveness of project manager please explain units in guiding project implementation. and the
	[IP rating in 2016]
	[comments]

GEF Operational	HIGHLY RECOMMENDED but NOT mandatory for projects under implementation in one country. Not
Focal point is the government	
representative in	1. Please rate the progress in delivery of outputs. For example, do the annual outputs represent
the country	sufficient progress in order to achieve the project outcomes (see DO page of this PIR)? [HS / S /
designed as the GEF	MS/MU/U/HU/n.a]
operation focal	 Please rate the efficiency in delivery of outputs. For example, in this reporting period are hudget resources being spent as planned? (i.e. is project delivery on target?) [HS / S / MS / MU
point.	/ U / HU / n.a]
	3. Please rate the quality of risk management. For example, in this reporting period were project
	risks managed effectively? [HS / S / MS / MU / U / HU / n.a]
	actions taken to address implementation issue identified in the PIR last year? [HS / S / MS / MU
	/ U / HU / n.a]
	5. Please rate the quality of monitoring and evaluation. For example, in this reporting period were
	sufficient financial resources allocated to project monitoring and evaluation. [HS/S/MS/MU/
	Please justify your rating and address the following points in your comments. Please keep word
	count between 200 words minimum and 500 words maximum.
	1 Evolution why you gave a specific rating
	 Explain why you gave a specific rating. Note trends, both positive and negative.
	3. Provide recommendations for next steps.
	[IP rating in 2016]
	[comments]
Project	RECOMMENDED but NOT mandatory for projects under implementation in one country or regional
Implementing	projects.
Partner is the	
representative of	1. Please rate the progress in delivery of outputs. For example, do the annual outputs represent sufficient progress in order to achieve the project outcomes (see DO page of this PIR)? [HS / S /
the executing	MS / MU / U / HU / n.a]
agency (in GEF	2. Please rate the efficiency in delivery of outputs. For example, in this reporting period are
terminology). This	budget resources being spent as planned? (i.e. is project delivery on target?) [HS / S / MS / MU
would be	3. Please rate the quality of risk management. For example, in this reporting period were project
Government (for	risks managed effectively? [HS / S / MS / MU / U / HU / n.a]
NEX/NIM execution)	4. Please rate the quality of adaptive management. For example, in this reporting period were
or NGO (for CSO	$\Delta = \Delta =$
	actions taken to address implementation issue identified in the PIR last year? [HS / S / MS / MU / U / HU / n.a]
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Other Partners:	RECOMMENDED but NOT mandatory for jointly implemented projects.		
For jointly implemented projects, a representative of the other Agency working with UNDP on project implementation (for example UNEP or the World Bank).	 Please rate the progress in delivery of outputs. For example, do the annual outputs represent sufficient progress in order to achieve the project outcomes (see DO page of this PIR)? [HS / S / MS / MU / U / HU / n.a] Please rate the efficiency in delivery of outputs. For example, in this reporting period are budget resources being spent as planned? (i.e. is project delivery on target?) [HS / S / MS / MU / U / HU / n.a] Please rate the quality of risk management. For example, in this reporting period were project risks managed effectively? [HS / S / MS / MU / U / HU / n.a] Please rate the quality of adaptive management. For example, in this reporting period were actions taken to address implementation issue identified in the PIR last year? [HS / S / MS / MU / U / HU / n.a] Please rate the quality of monitoring and evaluation. For example, in this reporting period were sufficient financial resources allocated to project monitoring and evaluation. [HS / S / MS / MU / U / HU / n.a] Please justify your rating and address the following points in your comments. Please keep word count between 200 words minimum and 500 words maximum. Explain why you gave a specific rating. Note trends, both positive and negative. Provide recommendations for next steps. 		
	[IP rating in 2016]		
	[comments]		
UNDP Technical Adviser is the UNDP-GEF Technical Adviser.	 MANDATORY RATING MUST BE PROVIDED for ALL projects. Please rate the progress in order to achieve the project outcomes (see DO page of this PIR)? [HS / S / MS / MU / U / HU / n.a] Please rate the efficiency in delivery of outputs. For example, in this reporting period are budget resources being spent as planned? (i.e. is project delivery on target?) [HS / S / MU / U / HU / n.a] Please rate the quality of risk management. For example, in this reporting period were project risks managed effectively? [HS / S / MS / MU / U / HU / n.a] Please rate the quality of adaptive management. For example, in this reporting period were actions taken to address implementation issue identified in the PIR last year? [HS / S / MS / MU / U / HU / n.a] Please rate the quality of monitoring and evaluation. For example, in this reporting period were sufficient financial resources allocated to project monitoring and evaluation. [HS / S / MS / MU / U / HU / n.a] 		
	 Please justify your rating and address the following points in your comments. The QORs and delivery data in the ERBM portfolio project monitoring report should inform your rating. Please keep word count between 500 words minimum and 1200 words maximum. 1. Explain why you gave a specific rating. If your rating differs from the rating provided by the UNDP Country Office Programme Officer and/or the Project Manager please explain why. 2. Summarize annual progress and address timelines of project output/activity completion in relation to annual workplans. 3. Outline the general status of project expenditures in relation to annual budgets, the effectiveness of project management units in guiding project implementation, and the responsiveness of the project board in overseeing project implementation. [IP rating in 2016] [comments] 		

Implementation Progress: Ratings Definitions		
Highly Satisfactory (HS)	Implementation of all components is in substantial compliance with the	
	original/formally revised implementation plan for the project. The project can be	
	presented as "good practice".	
Satisfactory (S)	Implementation of most components is in substantial compliance with the	
	original/formally revised plan except for only few that are subject to remedial	
	action.	
Moderately Satisfactory	Implementation of some components is in substantial compliance with the	
(MS)	original/formally revised plan with some components requiring remedial action.	
Moderately Unsatisfactory	Implementation of some components is not in substantial compliance with the	
(MU)	original/formally revised plan with most components requiring remedial action.	
Unsatisfactory (U)	Implementation of most components is not in substantial compliance with the	
	original/formally revised plan.	
Highly Unsatisfactory (HU)	Implementation of none of the components is in substantial compliance with the	
	original/formally revised plan.	

Adjustments

Project Planning

If delays have occurred in reaching key projects milestones - the inception workshop, the Mid-term Review and/or the Terminal Evaluation - then note below the current status of that milestone, the original planned and actual/expected dates, and comments to explain the reasons for the delays and their implications.

Key Project	Status	Original	Actual/Expected	Comments including reasons for
Milestone	(pick one option below)	Planned Date	Date	delays and their implications
Inception	[on schedule	NA	NA	NA
Workshop	delayed/completed			
	delayed/pending			
	n/a]			
Mid-term	[on schedule	NA	NA	NA
Review	delayed/completed			
	delayed/pending			
	n/a]			
Terminal	[on schedule	NA	Jan 2016	Shall be initiated in Q3 or Q4 of 2015
Evaluation	delayed/completed			
	delayed/pending			
	n/a]			

Critical Risk Management

Select from below the critical risks only that appear in the ATLAS project risk log and briefly describe actions undertaken this reporting period to address each critical risk. Please ensure that any 'social' risks identified during the environmental and social screening of the project are reflected in the ATLAS risk log under type/description 'other'. Note that the total number of critical risks is used to calculate the overall risk rating of the project. The methodology to determine the overall risk rating is explained further on this page.

Current/Active Critical Risks	
(pick one option below;	Critical Risk Management Measures Undertaken in 2015
add rows as necessary)	
Regulatory - Low tariff for Biomass based power plants under Power Purchase Agreements (PPA) with Distribution Companies and lack of exit options available in PPA to producers.	 A Working group has been constituted to look into Barriers and Challenges in Promotion of Biomass Power. The Group is Chaired by the NPD and has the NPC as the Member Convener. The objectives of the Working Group are to: Review barriers and challenges faced by the sector and identify key areas related to tariff, financing, secured fuel supply which could be worked upon Suggest suitable policy intervention Suggest actions required at regular intervals for re-validation of Biomass Resource Atlas and also initiate studies on fuel pricing As a result of the efforts and suggestion given by the Working Group, Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (CERC) revised the tariff for biomass power plants and issued new Tariff Guidelines for Gasifiers. The Working Group has also provided inputs to the on 'Performance/ Viability of biomass based plants operating in India, including prevailing prices'. The Working Group is also in discussion
	most states have also revised their tariff for the biomass power sector.
Others - The uptake of Biomass projects has been low in the	The project is structuring a Refinancing scheme for Grid connected & operational combustion based Biomass Power. The proposed scheme would provide comfort in the form of refinancing of loan

recent years due to the above factors that have been making projects unviable. Financial Institutions are also not interested in supporting any Biomass power projects in the last two years. Of the existing projects supported by various Financial Institutions, about 60% are under the category of Non-Performing Assets. component at concessional interest rates to these needy grid connected biomass power projects. For better utilization of the Funds, it is proposed that the support would be provided to biomass projects where there is a possibility of revival of their operations.

Preference would be given to projects in States where the electricity tariff is comparatively less. The projects would be selected from a pool of projects generated by IREDA under the IREDA NCEF refinancing scheme. The scheme is currently under discussion.

General comments on Adjustments

Communicating Impact

All projects must complete this section.

Tell us the story of your project, focusing on how the project has helped to improve people's lives.

Please use 500 words or less. Avoid UN jargon, acronyms, and technical terms. Use plain language. Include quotes from beneficiaries, if possible, and be sure to provide their names The following questions can be used as guidance for your story: What is this project about – the issue, interventions, and impacts? Who are the beneficiaries of this project? How have project interventions improved people's livelihoods? What was the most notable achievement during this reporting period?

This text will be used for UNDP corporate communications, the UNDP-GEF website, and/or other internal and external knowledge and learning efforts.

The project is aimed at removing barriers to increase the use of biomass energy sources for generating electricity for own consumption and export to the grid. It aimed to promote combustion, gasification and cogeneration technologies in India. The project will focus on biomass power project to be undertaken in three different specific contexts: cooperative sugar mills; agro-processors and biomass producers and distributed or decentralised biomass. The project is expected to make use of technical assistance focused on removing the technical, regulatory and institutional barriers to widespread use of biomass power.

Biomass is used for many purposes, food, fodder, and fuel and hence has competing uses. Consequently, the issues with biomass use as resource for energy are complex and dynamic. Cost of power generation and sale is the biggest decisive factor for biomass power promotion. The cost of biomass power is dependent on costs of biomass, other management costs, operation and maintenance and the capital. Biggest variable is biomass cost. To encourage renewable energy including biomass, feed in tariff is offered. However, for biomass power developers, it is a race between the increasing costs of biomass; thereby generation costs vis-à-vis revision of FIT. Further the present decision on FIT is largely based on information and data available from large scale power plants. This is found to be disadvantageous to small scale power plants.

The project made a number of interventions to address these varied issues. They are, establishing Model Investment Projects [MIP]; benchmarking technology packages; enabling promoters, financial institutions, state nodal agencies and other stakeholders; providing a platform for stakeholders to discuss opportunities and challenges; and piloting innovative financing schemes.

The project supported two kind of MIPs for improving PLF of existing biomass power projects and establishing unique greenfield MIPs. In all 37 MW of existing biomass power plants were supported. It is aimed to support 12 MW greenfield projects.

Fuel linkage and processing improvements were supported in four large scale biomass power plants. At 14.5 MW Universal Power, Punjab, modification in the boiler to handle paddy straw bales was demonstrated. This has avoided chipping and handling heaps of chipped paddy straw resulting in ease of operation and cost reduction. Additional 18 decentralized biomass depots (DBD) were set up in a radius of 100 km to collect biomass, reduced the landed fuel cost by USD 4.2 - 4.5 per tonne. Plant has generated employment opportunities for about 1000 people from the local community in biomass supply and processing in addition to about 200 people employed directly in the plant for various operations. 6 MW **SLS Power Ltd., Nellore, Andhra Pradesh** set up 4 decentralized

biomass depots (DBD) within a radius of 50 km to collect various residues, namely cotton stalk, paddy straw, sugar cane trash, etc. to replace rice husks which is currently being used as main fuel. These arrangements have helped reduce the landed fuel cost by USD 5 – 6 per ton. Plant generated employment opportunities for about 900 people from the local community in biomass supply and processing. 7.5 MW **MPPL** - **Muktsar** – **Biomass Combustion** set up storage shed, harvesting cum chipping device, material handling equipment, cargo canters to transport biomass from fields and weigh bridges at collection centers. It is estimated that all these facilities helped reducing biomass losses by 5-10%. The biomass supply and conversion has created local employment, increased income to farmers and understood to have positively impacted. It is estimated that 2 to 3% PLF has increased, and reduced landed cost by USD 2.5 to 3 per ton. Based on this experience, Government of Punjab has issued guidelines for subsidy to farmers on purchase of fuel collection equipment's. 9 MW **Panduranga Sugar at Solapur** set up unique feature of bailing trash using trash bailers procured from Netherlands. This has helped the unit to extend the operational days by 60 to 80 days and payback period on additional investment was 1.5 to 2 years. Government of Maharashtra issued guidelines allowing sugar mills to use cane trash in their power plants.

The project also initiated a number of unique green field MIPs. A 1.2 MW Biomass Power Plant implemented by Ankur Technologies, Sankheda, Gujarat demonstrated 100% producer gas based engine and demonstrated 'Open Access' power sale to Aditya Insulators through a PPA agreement, using the Gujarat Electricity Grid availing wheeling facility. This is perhaps for the first time, such a pilot was done at small scale. The plant also demonstrated many innovative solutions - a pyro-gasifier capable of using biomass mixtures of varying properties, dry gas cleaning system reducing wastewater generation significantly, used waste heat for drying biomass and for obtaining chilled water needed for gas cooling-cleaning train using VAM system, by-product biochar as substitute for P-fertilizer and this was demonstrated in experimental plantation sites. Further awareness camps were held for farmers and the whole experience has been documented. A 1 MW fluidised bed gasification system is being commissioned at **Ruchi Soya Industries Ltd. (RSIL).** Energy Research Centre (ECN) and M/s Dahlman of Netherlands provided technology of OLGA gas cleaning system which reduces the nitrogen in the mixture of gases, increases calorific value of gas. Thermax Ltd., India is the local service providers. The electricity generated will be partially used for factory requirement and partly will be evacuated to the grid. 1 MW gasifier from IISc design is being commissioned by **Cummins Cogeneration Pvt Ltd., in Tamil Nadu.** However, 2 MW **Dee Vee Power and 2 MW Kandra Energy in Karnataka have not come up due to low feed in tariff in the state.**

Four more projects have been identified, cumulating to 8 MW is in pipeline, namely, two biomass power plants of 3MW and one 1 MW in three islands in Lakshadweep. One biomass power plants of 1MW has also been identified at Andaman & Nicobar islands. Currently these locations are using diesel based power plant which cost about Rs 20 plus per kWh and hence it is expected that the biomass power plants can make economic feasibility.

The project window helped analyse various challenges of the sector and formulate/revise guidelines and policies.

First, Challenges and dynamic changes in biomass power sector was identified. For example, over 50% of biomass power plants had closed down their operations owing to non-remunerative tariffs. To address them, a working group was set up to look into them, identify set of interventions and recommend corrective actions with respective authorities. These dialogues have contributed to following results which are very valuable to the sector. Firstly, Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (CERC) revised the Feed in Tariff for biomass power plants from earlier 5 plus to 7 plus per kWh. But this was not sufficient for bailing out the shut-down biomass power plants. A bail-out package was designed through National Clean Energy Fund by the MNRE. The modalities of using it are being worked out. The new FIT is expected to improve the situation and motivate biomass power developers. The challenge still is implementation of the revised guidance of CERC by the SERCs.

Second, Government of Maharashtra has issued guidelines allowing sugar mills to use cane trash in their power plants based on the learnings from the Panduranga Sugar Cogeneration plant.

Third, Government of Punjab issued guidelines for subsidy to farmers on purchase of fuel collection equipment. This is based on the learning from the MPPL Combustion based power plant at Muktsar.

Fourth, learnings from the operation of 1 MW Ankur plant at Sankheda, Gujarat, the first small scale biomass power plant selling electricity through open access in Gujarat, effected the cancellation of UI charges for the biomass power plants in the State. This project also helped Government of Gujarat to form regulations for Open Access sale for Biomass gasification technology based projects.

Fifth, consultations of stakeholders with regulators and CERC were facilitated. These consultations helped understand opportunities for biomass power and challenges faced in its promotion. These consultations have contributed to increase in FIT and also dialogue on setting differential tariff for small scale biomass power systems.

The biomass power plants provide direct and indirect employment. For example, a 14.5 MW plant at Muktsar provided employment to 1000 people in organising, processing biomass in addition to about 200 people employed at the power plant to manage electricity generation. Thus the 37 MW power plants supported by project has worker base of 5000 people. Smaller power plants provide more employment per MW. One estimate showed a biomass power plant ploughs back over 50% of the turnover from the plant back into rural economy.

To pool information on biomass power and disseminate it to stakeholders, Bioenergy renamed as Biopower quarterly newsletters were published. 13 issues have been published so far. Hard copies were sent to 700 people, soft copies were uploaded on UNDP website and also circulated through UN Solution Exchange of Climate Change which has a membership of over 4000. Biomass portal has been developed with URL http://viainfotech.biz/Biomass/theme5/library-forms.php This is expected to serve as one stop information on biomass power.

What is the most significant change that has resulted from the project this reporting period? The most

significant change could be positive or negative and could relate to any aspect of the project such as direct beneficiaries, communities, partnerships, policy. The purpose of this section is to capture lessons learned and changes that many not be revealed through the project's logical framework or other parts of the PIR.

This text will be used for internal knowledge management in the respective technical team and region.

Launching of comprehensive biomass portal.

Describe how the project supported South-South Cooperation and Triangular Cooperation efforts in the reporting period.

Describe the main focus of the efforts. What is the evidence that the initiative(s) contributed to results?

This text will be used for internal knowledge management in the respective technical team and region.

No activity taken up.

Project links & social media

Please list below the website addresses (URLs) that	Knowledge Portal launched under the project -
exist for this project, including any links to social	www.biomasspower.gov.in
media sites. Please include: Project website, Project	
page on the UNDP website, Adaptation Learning	
Mechanism (UNDP-ALM) platform, Facebook,	
Twitter, Flickr, YouTube, Google +	
Please share hyperlinks to any media coverage of	
the project, for example, stories written by an	
outside, external source.	
Please upload any supporting files, including photos,	[uploading only possible in PIR system; list here the files that you
videos, stories, and other documents.	plan on uploading]

General comments on Communicating Impact

Partnerships

All projects must complete this section. Please enter "N/A" in cells that are not applicable to your project.

This information is used to get a better understanding of the work GEF-funded projects are doing with key partners, including the GEF Small Grants Programme, indigenous peoples, the private sector, and other partners. The data may be used for reporting to GEF Secretariat, the UNDP-GEF Annual Performance Report, UNDP Corporate Communications, posted on the UNDP-GEF website, and for other internal and external knowledge and learning efforts. The RTA should view and edit/elaborate on the information entered here.

	Describe innovative aspects of the project in working with
Partners	(limit - 2000 shows town for each costion)
	(limit = 2000 characters for each section)
Civil Society	NA
Organisations/NGOs	
Indigenous Peoples	NA
Private Sector	The most significant partnership of the project is with the private sector like
	M/s Ruchi Soya Industries Ltd and M/s Thermax, in the form of project
	developers for the Model Investment Projects.
GEF Small Grants	NA
Programme	
Other Partners	The project has actively engaged with State Nodal Agencies, Regulators and
	Financial Institutions to address the challenges that are being faced by the
	sector. The engagement has been through platforms like workshops and
	meetings and also one to one interactions.

General comments on Partnerships

Gender

All projects must complete this section.

This information is used in the UNDP-GEF Annual Performance Report, UNDP-GEF Annual Gender Report, reporting to the UNDP Gender Steering and Implementation Committee and for other internal and external communications and learning.

Line a condex or easial according to	NA
Has a gender or social assessment	NA
been carried out this reporting period?	
If a gender or social assessment has	NA
been carried out what were the	
findings?	
initiangs:	
Does this project specifically target	No
boes this project specifically target	
woman or girls as key stakeholders?	
Diagon an acify you uto achieved this	
Please specify results achieved this	NA
reporting period that focus on	
increasing gender equality and	
improving the empowerment of	
women.	
Some points to consider: impact of project	
on daily workload of women, # of jobs	
created for women, impact of project on	
time spent by women in household	
activities impact of project on primary	
school oprolmont for girls (hous incrosse in	
school enforment for girls/boys, increase in	
women's income etc. Be as specific as	
possible and provide real numbers (e.g. 100	
women farmers participating in sustainable	
livelihoods programme).	
Disease unload the gam day or easie!	
Please upload the gender or social	NA
needs assessment and any other	
documents related to the project's	
gender-related results.	

General comments on Gender

Environmental or Social Grievance

This section must be completed by the UNDP Country Office if a grievance related to the environmental or social impacts of this project was addressed this reporting period.

It is very important that the questions are answered fully and in detail.

If no environmental or social grievance was addressed this reporting period then please do not answer the following questions. If more than one grievance was addressed, please answer the following questions for the most significant grievance only and explain the other grievance(s) in the comment box below.

What environmental or social issue was	NA
the grievance related to?	
What is the current status of the	NA
grievance?	
How would you rate the significance of	NA
the grievance?	
Please describe the on-going or resolved	NA
grievance noting who was involved,	
what action was taken to resolve the	
grievance, how much time it took, and	
what you learned from managing the	
grievance process (maximum 500	
words). If more than one grievance was	
addressed this reporting period, please	
explain the other grievance (s) here.	

Rating	Description
Minor	The grievance had/has a low impact on the day-to-day implementation of the project.
Significant	The grievance had/is having a significant impact on the day-to-day implementation of the project, but the project is still expected to achieve its objective.
Serious	The grievance had/is having a serious impact on the day-to-day implementation of the project, and there is a risk (50% or higher) that the project may not be able to achieve its objective.